Using Site Similarity to Generate New Matter Ideas

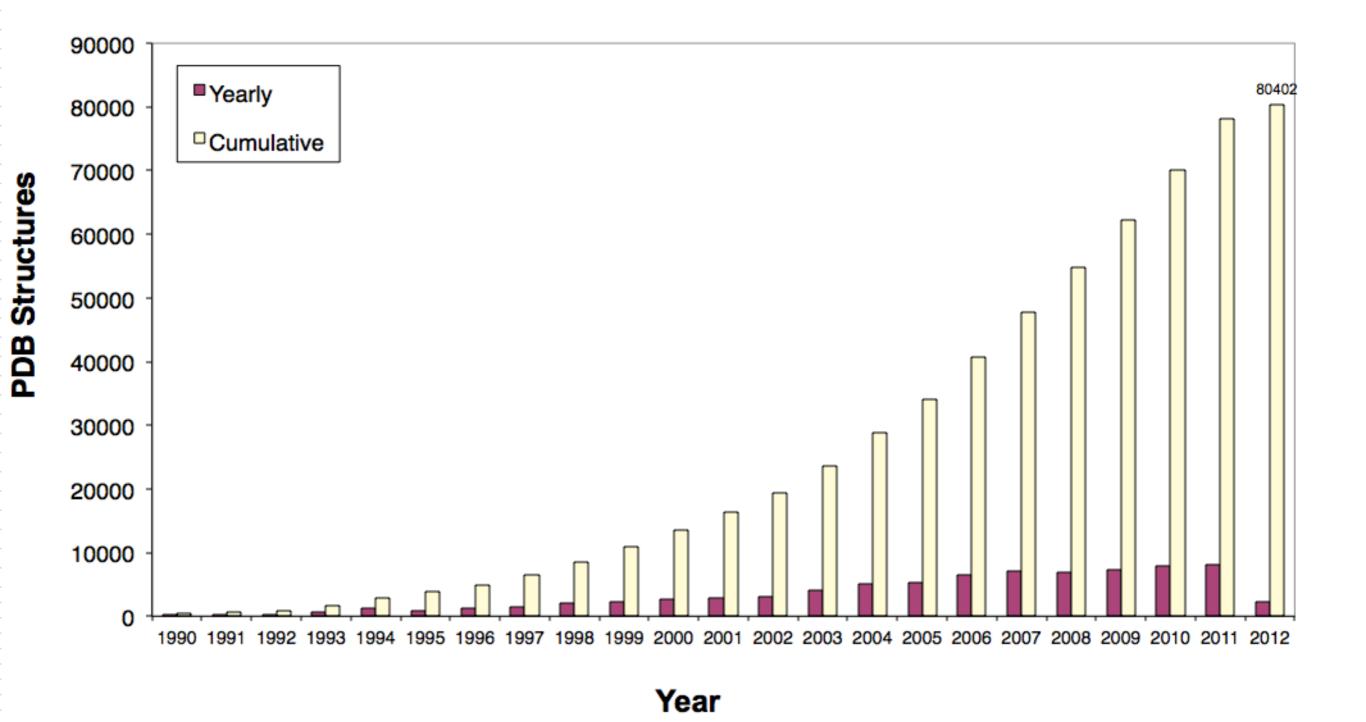
Dr. Steven Muskal

Chief Executive Officer
Eidogen-Sertanty, Inc
smuskal@eidogen-sertanty.com

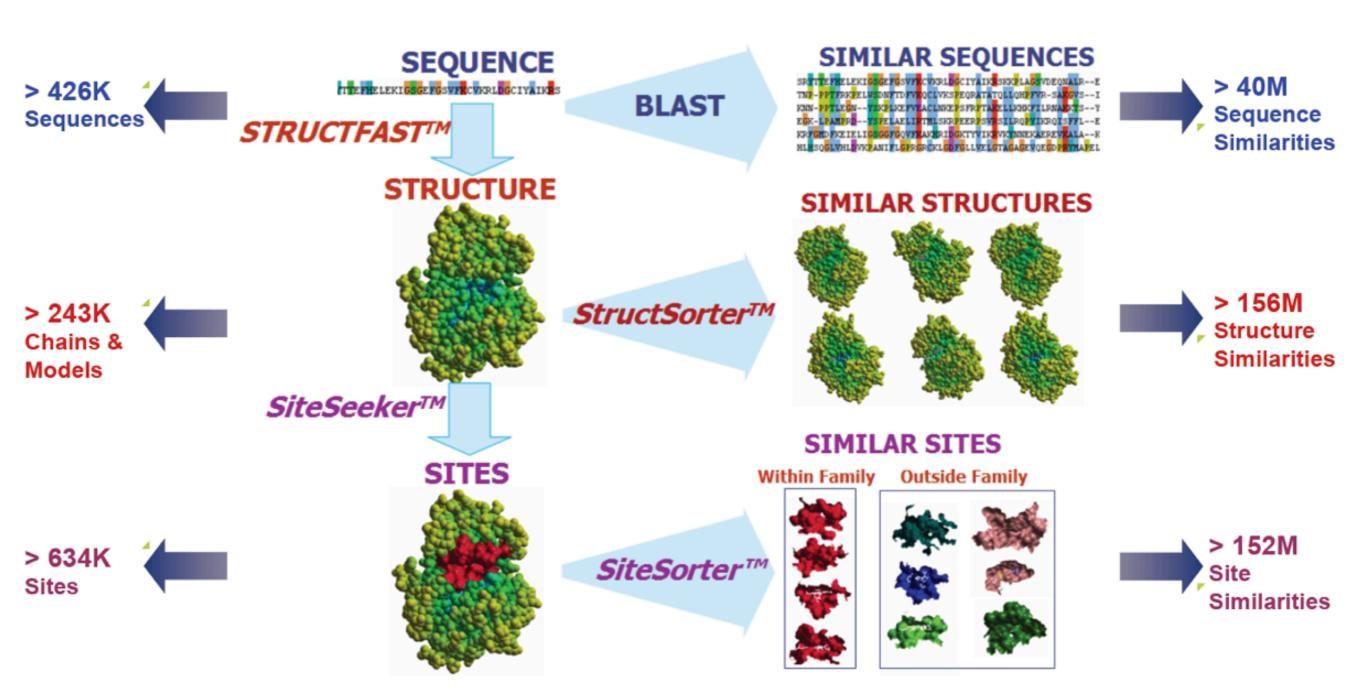


Protein Structure Growth Continues

- > 80K structures/co-complexes "templates" (Apr-2012)
- > 650 new templates/month (>150/week)



Target Informatics Platform (TIP)

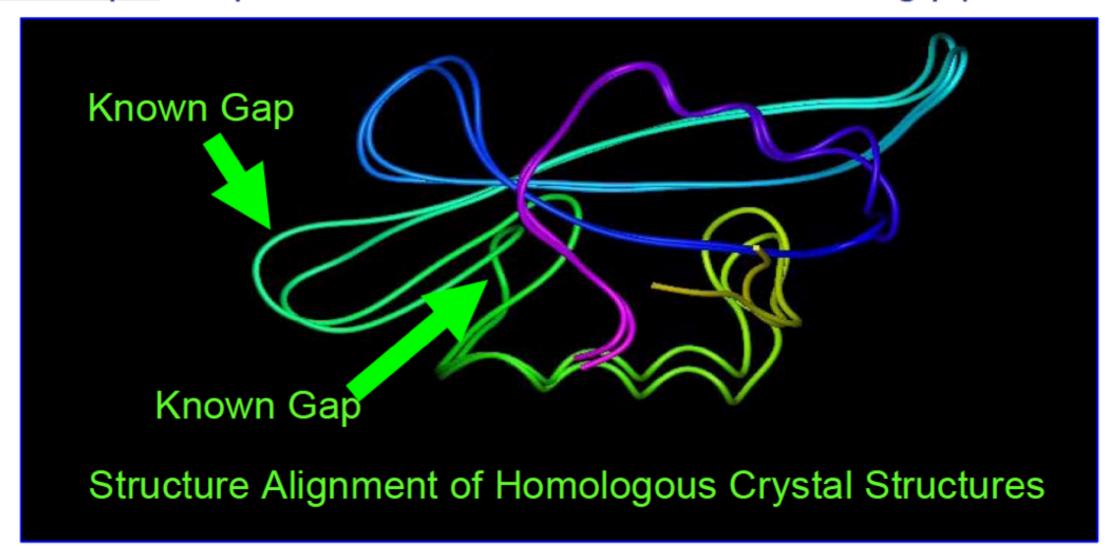


- · Interrogating the druggable genome with structural informatics Molecular Diversity (2006)
- STRUCTFAST: Protein Sequence Remote Homology Detection and Alignment Using Novel Dynamic Programming and Profile-Profile Scoring Proteins. 2006 64:960-967
- StructSorter: A Method for Continuously Updating a Comprehensive Protein Structure Alignment Database J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2006, 46, 1871-1876
- · Convergent Island Statistics: A fast method for determining local alignment score significance. Bioinformatics, 2005, 21, 2827-2831.

STRUCTFAST

STructure Realization Utilizing Cogent Tips From Aligned Structural Templates

Basic Principle: Gaps known to exist should not be strongly penalized.



Leverages experimental structure and structural alignment data to create better alignments

STRUCTFAST: Protein Sequence Remote Homology Detection and Alignment Using Novel Dynamic Programming and Profile-Profile Scoring Proteins. 2006 64:960-967

Convergent Island Statistics: A fast method for determining local alignment score significance. Bioinformatics, 2005, 21, 2827-2831.

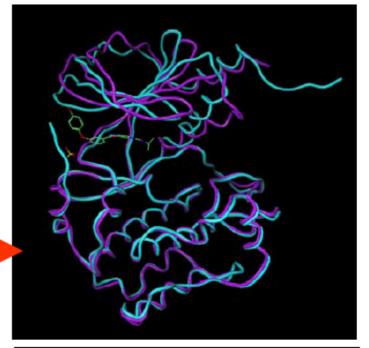
Modeling Algorithm Comparison

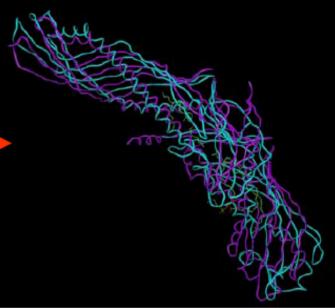
Alignment	Scoring Methods	Gap Treatment	Examples
Sequence- Sequence	BLOSUM PAM GONET	Length Proportional Affine	BLAST FASTA Smith-Waterman Needleman- Wunsch
Sequence- Profile	PSSM HMM	Affine Position-Specific	PSI-Blast HMMer
Sequence- Structure	Threading potential	Affine Position-Specific	Raptor GenThreader
Profile- Profile	Dot-product Log Average Analytic Statistics	Structural Family-based	3D-PSSM FFAS STRUCTFAST

Template Homology Range >50% ~30-50% ~15-30% <15%

Comparison to a Client's Crystal Structures

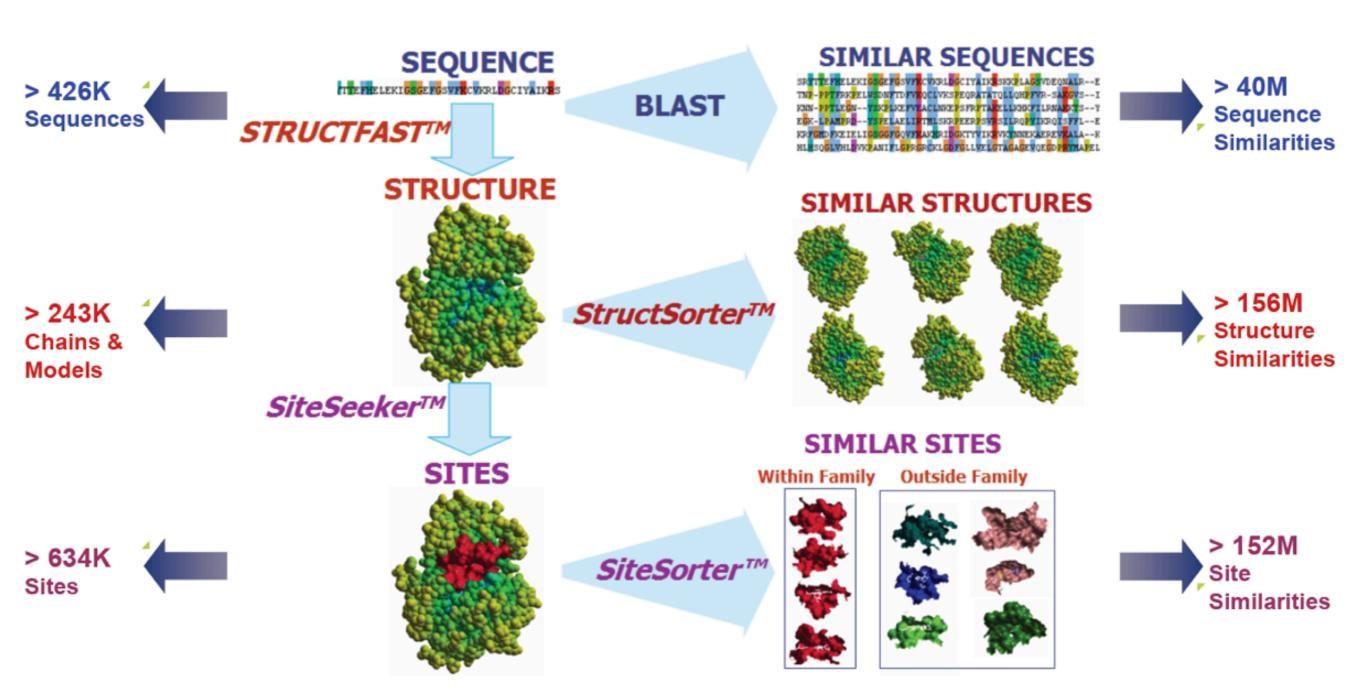
Protein	# of residues	In house resolution	template resolution	PDB ID	% ID	# atoms fit	rmsd
Family 1	288	1.6 A	1.8 A		75%	976	0.88A _
Family 2	347	1.7 A	2.3 A		87%	1148	1.23A
Family 3	285	2.5 A	2.4 A		34%	780	1.48A
Family 4	941	2.1 A	1.7 A		20%	1824	6.66A _
Family 5	313	2.6 A	2.0 A		57%	1048	1.23 A
Family 6	442	2.05 A	2.1 A		95%	1376	0.87 A





Purple -client's in house Cyan - homology model

Target Informatics Platform (TIP)



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SiteSeeker

Geometric Site-Finding Algorithms Find Many Pockets

But they don't know which pockets are important!

Evolutionary Trace Approach

Can't clearly define site boundary

Not all conserved residues are functionally relevant

SiteSeeker combines both methods

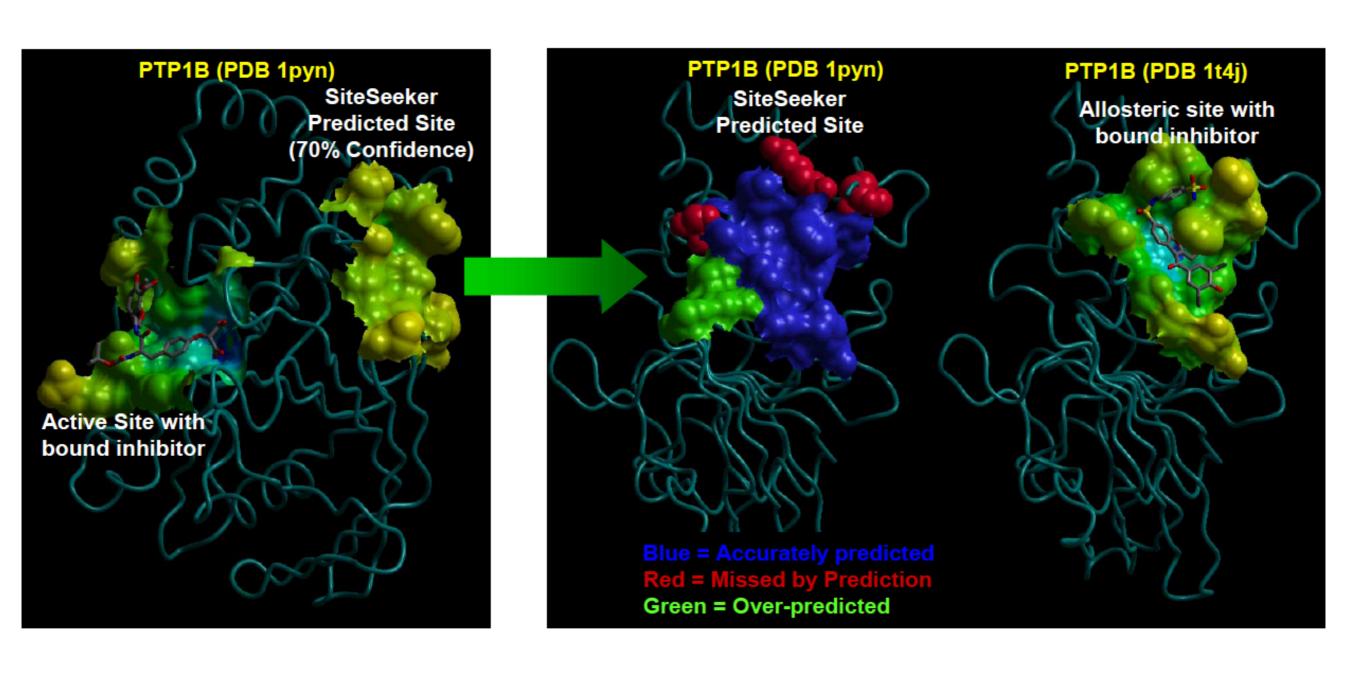
Reliability & Confidence

We use proteins with apo- & co-crystal structures in the PDB to test the accuracy & reliability of method

Allows us to map *SiteSeeker* score to predict confidence! (e.g. At this *SiteSeeker* score, 80% are "real" co-crystal sites)

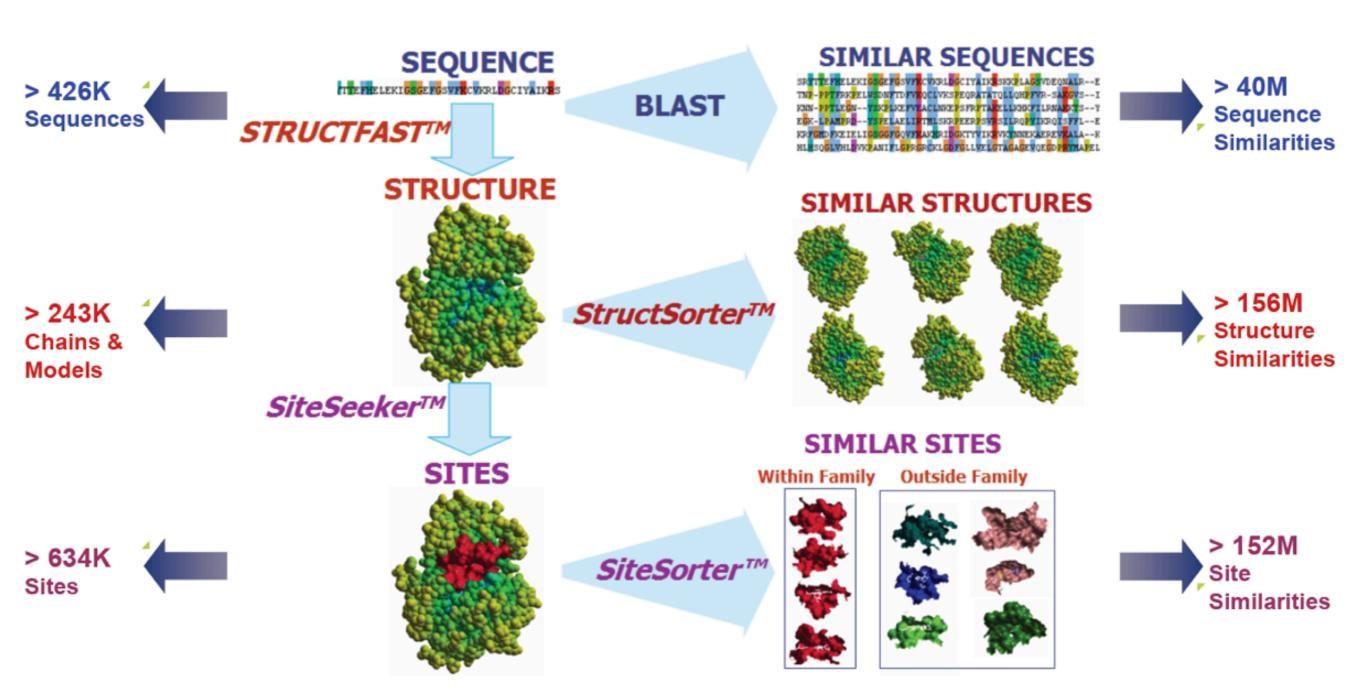
→ Sites with <60% confidence are not stored in TIP

SiteSeeker Example



All structures in TIP are annotated with known and predicted binding sites, along with **confidence** levels for each annotation

Target Informatics Platform (TIP)

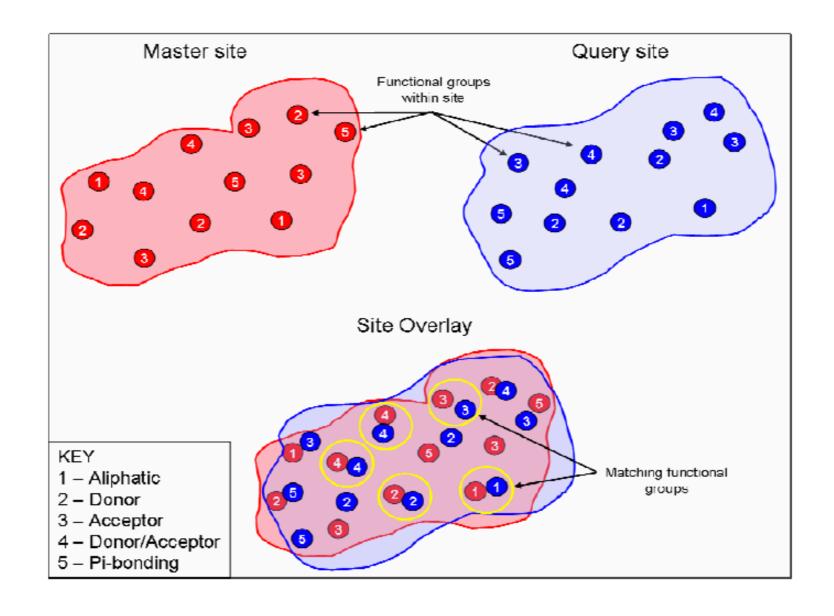


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SiteSorter

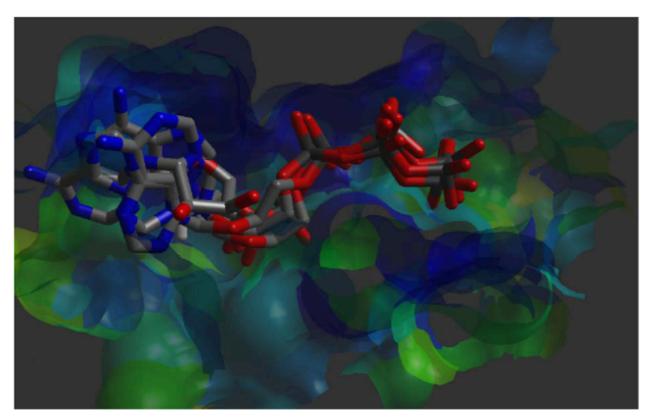
Weighted Clique Detection Algorithm

Importance of Points (Weights) Related to their Similarity

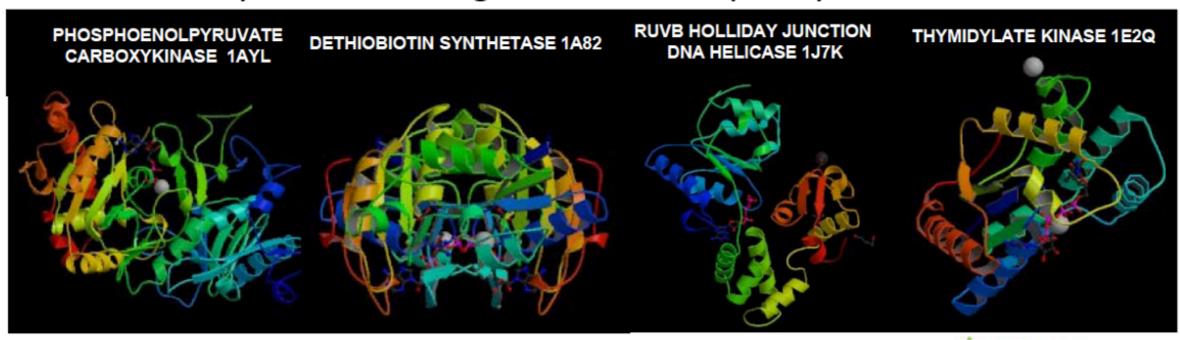


Surface Atoms Assigned One of 5 Different Chemical Characters Matching points increase the *SiteSorter* similarity score

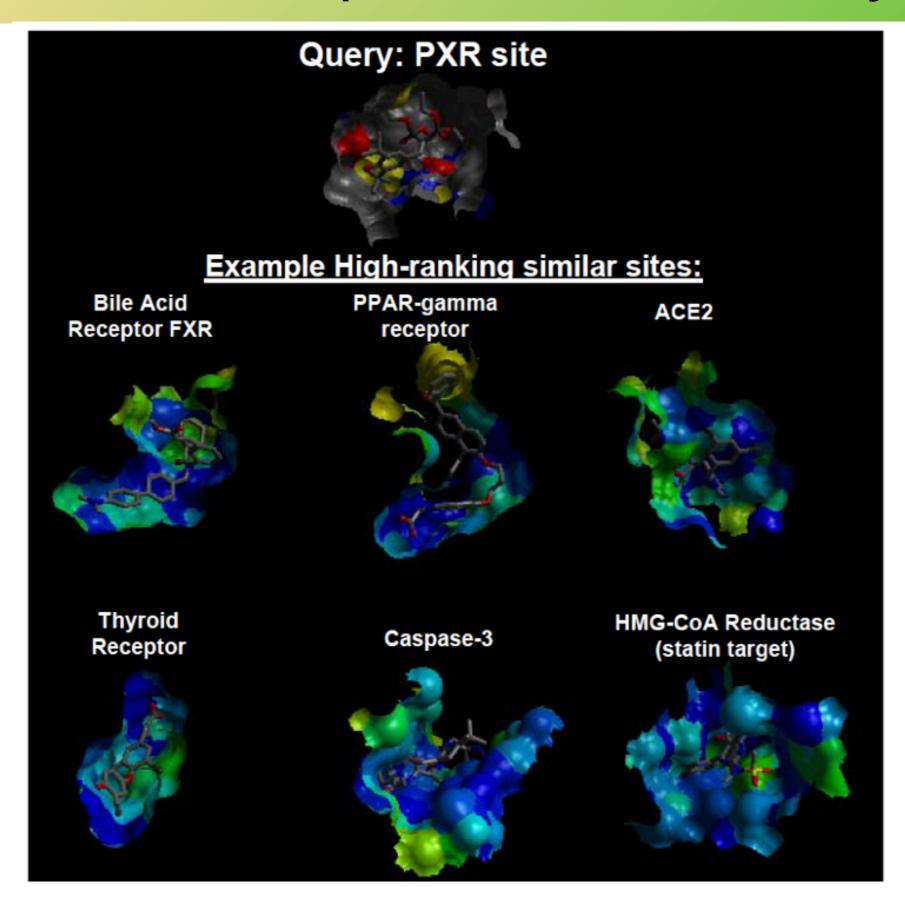
SiteSorter Example



Overlay of ATP binding sites from completely different folds



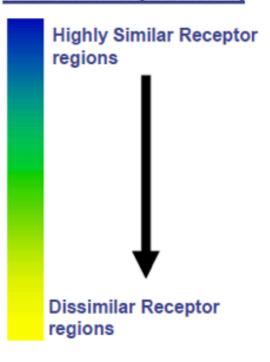
Nature Exploits Site-Similarity



Pregnane X-receptor –
PXR ("sensor)" → CYP3A4
("executioner")

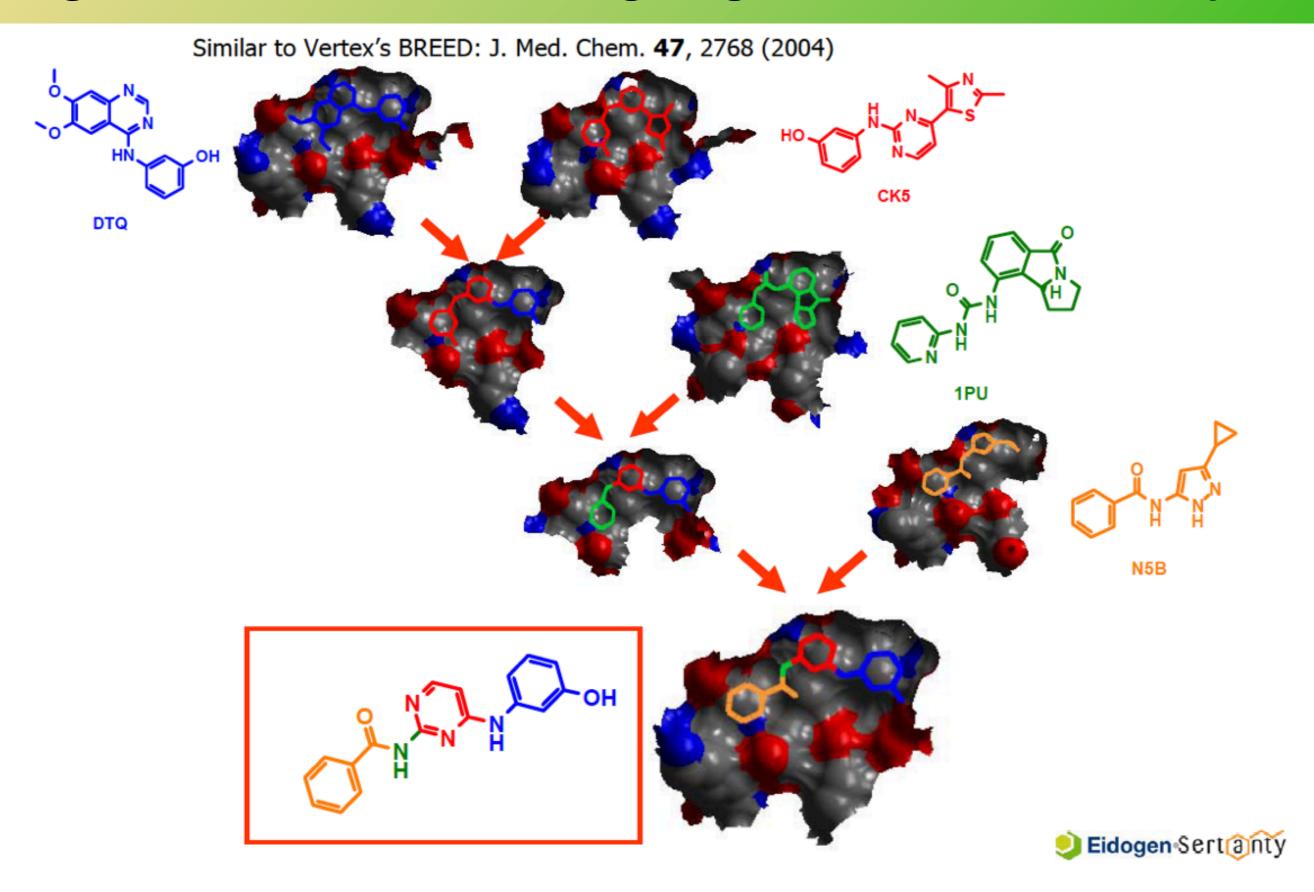
PXR Binds > 50% drugs
Including some bile acids,
statins, herbal components, a
selection of HIV protease
inhibitors, calcium channel
modulators, numerous
steroids, plasticizers and
monomers, organochlorine
pesticides, a peroxisome
proliferator-activated receptorãantagonist, xenobiotics and
endobiotics...

Site Similarity Coloring

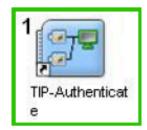


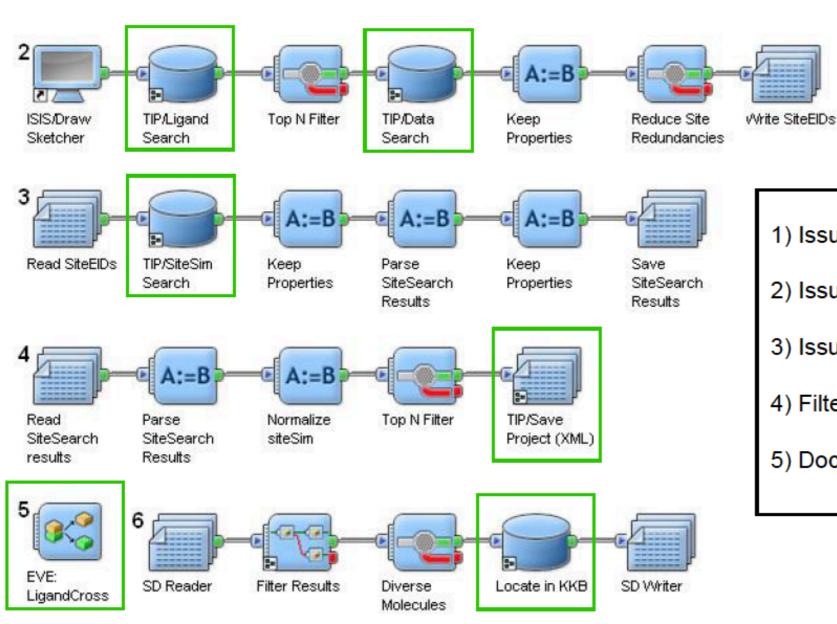


LigandCross: Shuffling Ligand Functionality



LigandCross via PipelinePilot





- 1) Issue TIP/LigandSearch
- 2) Issue TIP/SiteSimSearch
- 3) Issue LigandCross
- 4) Filter and locate results in KKB
- 5) Dock and visualize results





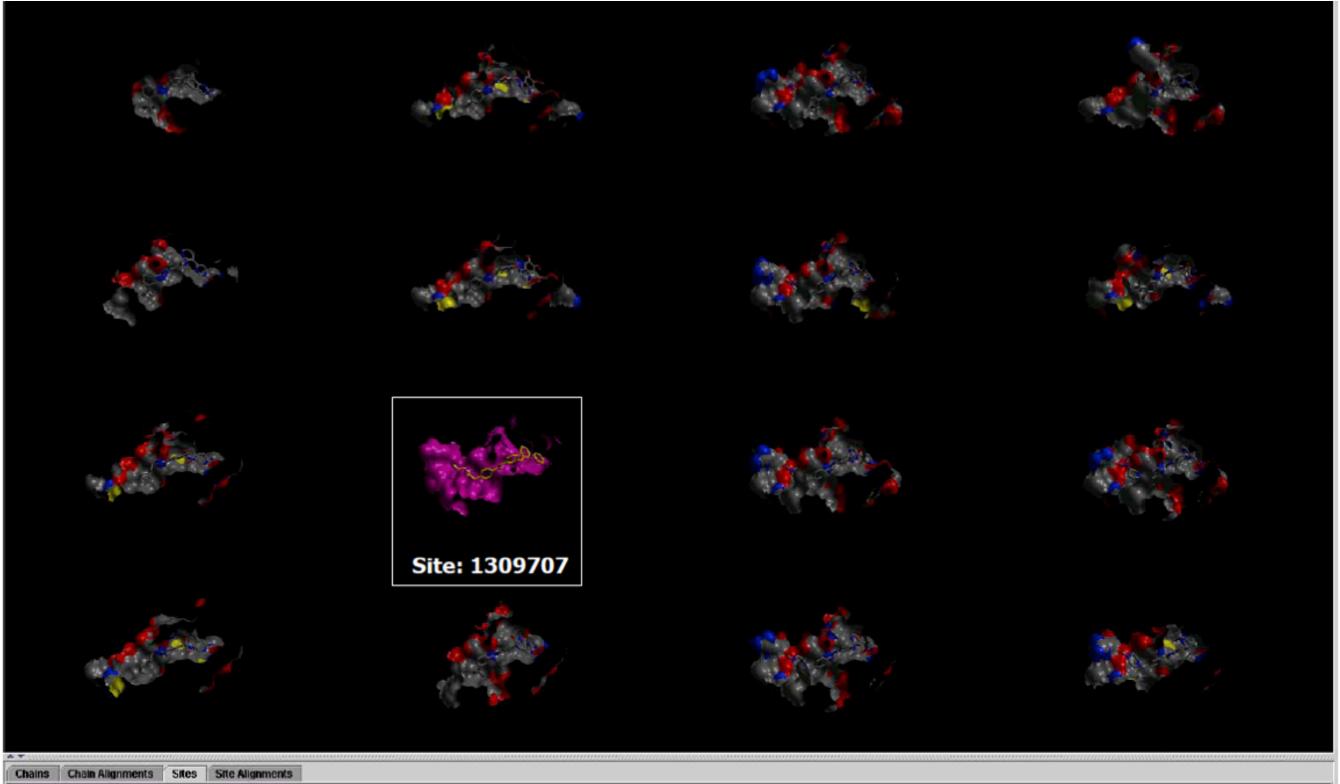


Results

Step 1: Find Co-complexes and Sites

Molecule	ligname	similarity	pdbcode	siteeid	FourCode	pdbID	pdbBnxNumber	proteinld	title	classification	source	compound	releaseDate	journalTitle	journalReference	exptype
	STI	1	2p10A	1309707	2p10	2p10	1305799	42526	LCK BOUND TO MATNB	TRANSFERASE	MOL_ID: 1; ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC: HOMO SAPIENS; ORGANISM_COMMON: HUMAN; GENE: LCK; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: SPODOPTERA FRUGIPERDA; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_COMMON: FALL ARNYWORM; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_VECTOR_TYPE: ON_SYSTEM_PLASMID:	MOL_ID: 1; MOLECULE: PROTO- ONCOGENE TYROSINE- PROTEIN KINASE LCK; CHAIN: A; FRAGMENT: PROTEIN KINASE; SYNONYM: P56-LCK, LYMPHOCYTE CELL- SPECIFIC PROTEIN- TYROSINE KINASE, LSK, T CELL- SPECIFIC PROTEIN- TYROSINE KINASE, LSK, T CELL- SPECIFIC PROTEIN- TYROSINE KINASE; EC: 2.7.10.2; ENGINEERED: YES	09-OCT-07	CLASSIFYING PROTEIN KINASE STRUCTURES GUIDES USE OF LIGAND- SELECTIVITY PROFILES TO PREDICT INACTIVE CONFORMATIONS: STRUCTURE OF LCK/IMATINE COMPLEX	PROTEINS 2007	XRAY DIFFRACTION
\$ 50 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$ 50 \$ 50	STI	1	20iqA	1148914	20iq	20iq	1125109	26318	STRUCTURE OF CHICKEN C-SRC KINASE DOMAIN IN COMPLEX WITH THE CANCER DRUG IMATINIB.	TRANSFERASE	; ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC: JALLUS; M_COMMON: CHICKEN; GENE: SHC, EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: ESCHERICHIA COLI; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_COMMON: BACTERIA; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_STRAIN: BL21DE3; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_VECTOR_TYPE: PLASMID; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_PLASMID: PET28	MOL_ID: 1; MOLECULE: PROTO- ONCOGENF TYROSINE- PROTEIN KINASE SRC; CHAIN: A, B; FRAGMENT: KINASE DOMAIN; SYNONYM: P60-SRC, C- SRC, PP60C- SRC; EC: 2.7.10.2; ENGINEERED: YES	20-MAR-07	C-SRC BINDS TO THE CANCER DRUG IMATINIB WITH AN INACTIVE ABL/C-KIT CONFORMATION AND A DISTRIBUTED THERMODYNAMIC PENALTY.	STRUCTURE V. 15 299 2007	XRAY DIFFRACTION
	STI	1	2hyyA	918207	2hyy	2hyy	904013	16961	HUMAN ABL KINASE DOMAIN IN COMPLEX WITH MATINB (STI571, GLIVEC)	TRANSFERASE	MOL_ID: 1; ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC: HOMO SAPIENS, ORGANISM_COMMON: HUMAN; GENE: ABL1; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: SPODOPTERA FRUGIPERDA; EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_COMMON: FALL ARMYWORM	MOL_ID: 1; MOLECULE: PROTO- ONCOGENE TYROSINE- PROTEIN KINASE ABL1; CHAIN: A, B, C, D; SYNONYM: P150, C-ABL, ABELSON MURINE LEUKEMIA VIRAL ONCOGENE HOMOLOG 1; EC: 2.7.10.2;	16-JAN-07	STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DISCOVERY OF DRUGS TO TREAT CHRONIC MYELOGENOUS LEUKAEMIA.	ACTA CRYSTALLOGR, SECT.D V. 63 80 2007	XRAY DIFFRACTION

Step 2: Find Other Sites via SiteSimilarity

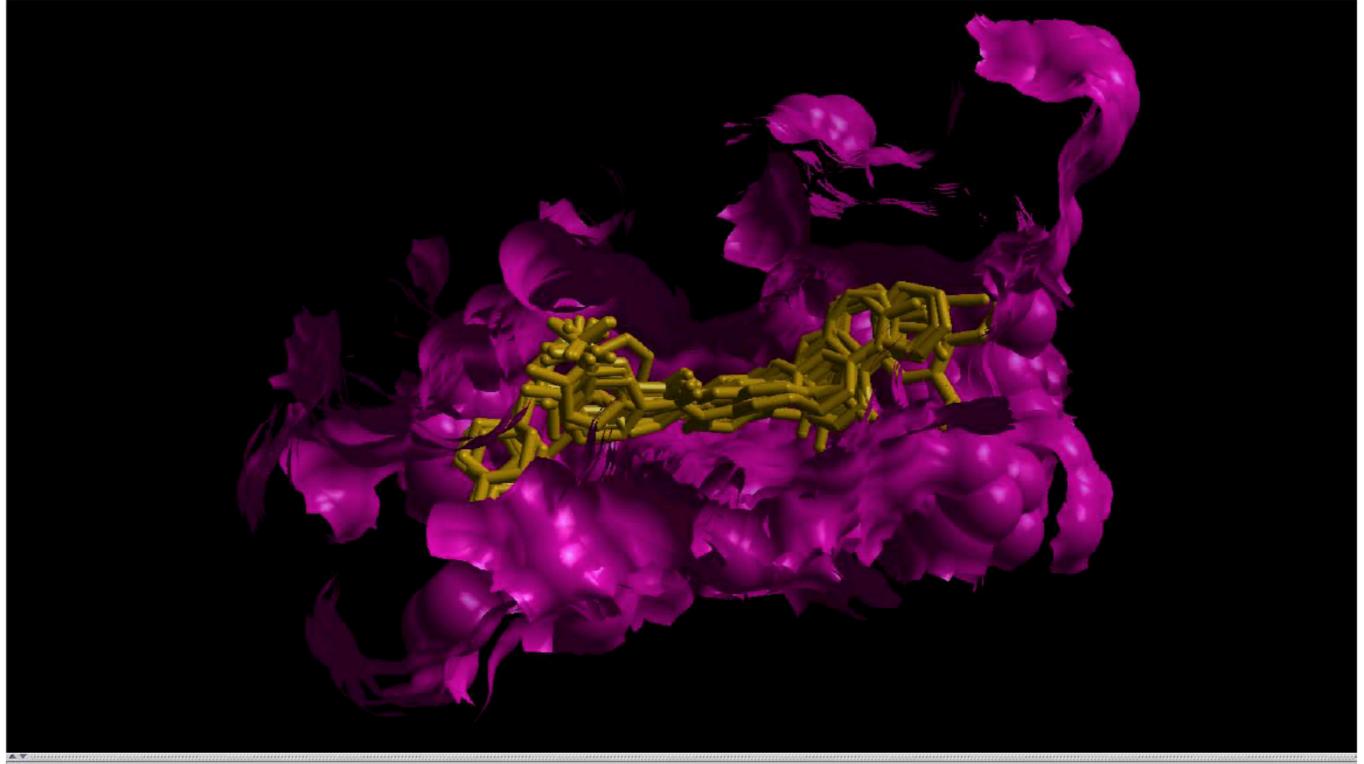


Chains Chain Alignments Site	Site Alignments			
Site Name	Locus	Ligand	%Conf Sequence Positions	
pob2p(0/s1309707 (chain A)	LCK	STI	100 .L.Y.AYK.E.LM.L.LY.I.TEYM.GS.I.YIHR.L.IADP	
pdb2ofv/s918548 (chain B)	LCK	242	10D .U.W. 0000. 2.00. U.	8
pdb2rl5/s1396160 (chain A)		2RL	100 .ue.w.avk.u.g.ii.i.w.w.w.refekfen.u.cin.u.icdp	
pdb2e2b1/s1284639 (chain B)	ABL	406	10D .U.E.V.S.R.S.WG.I.SV.I.TEFFER.G.I.PIHED.I.VADP	Į.

Example Ligands from Similar Sites

	NIC N NH NH		HH NH NH NH	
STI	C92	900 FFF NH NH N	276 NH NH P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	MUH
NH N	NH NH O	NH NH NH PRC	NH ₂ N C19	NH N
NH 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	GIG	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	B96	RAJ

Step 3: LigandCross: Shuffle Ligand Features from Aligned Sites



Chains	Chain Alignments	Sites	Site Alignments				p.
Site Name			Locus	Ligand		f Sequence Positions	
pdb2pl0/s1	309707 (chain A)		LCK	STI	100	.L.V.AVE.E.LM.L.LV.I.TEYM.GS.I.VIHP.L.IADE	_
pdb2afvls91	16548 (chain B)		LCK	242	100	L.V.AVE.E.LM.L.LV.I.TEXM.G.I.V.H.L.TADP.I	88
pdb2rl5/s15	396160 (chain A)			2RL	100	.LG.V.AVK.L.E.IL.I.VV.V.TEFCKFGN.L.CIH.L.ICDF	
pob2e2b1(s	s1284539 (chain B)		ABL	406	100	.L.Y.V.A.E.VM.I.LY.I.TERMT.G.L.PIHRO.L.VADF	

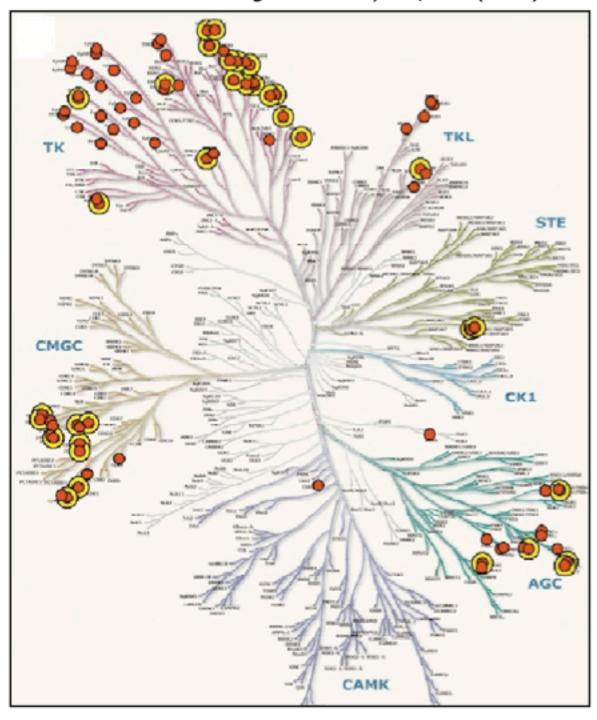
Example LigandCross Results

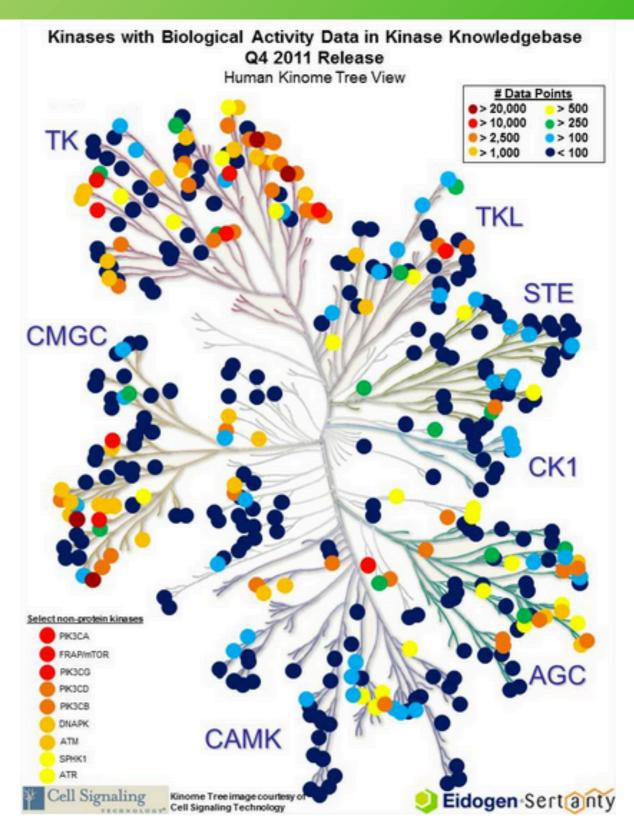
NH NH N	HE WH WHI	NH NH NH		NH NH NH
STI_PRC_2 0.667	C92_BMU_5 0.635	C92_GIG_3 0.633	C92_WBT_1 0.625	B96_BMU_2 0.623
NIL_WBT_6 0.538	608_C52_2 0.529	C92_BMU_1 0.520	1N8_PRC_3 0.491	857_BMU_4 0.480
857_WBT_2 0.472	RAJ_LB_1 0.462	1N8_BMU_2 0.449	F F F NIH	NH 0 NH 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Kinase Knowledgebase (KKB)

Kinase Targets of Clinical Interest

from Vieth et al. Drug Disc. Today 10, 839 (2005).

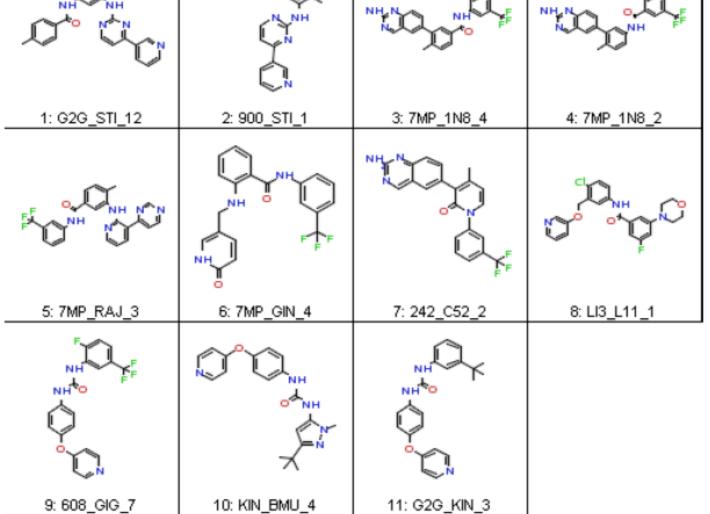




- > 583K SAR data points curated from
- > 7700 articles and patents

LigandCross Validation

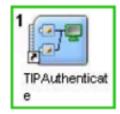
3																					
Kinase Knowledgebase (plC50)								Bayesian Model Predictions (PP)													
LC-ID	ABL					_		MAPK14	_	KIT	RAF1	ABL		PDGFRB					<u> </u>	KIT	RAF1
G2G_STI_12	6.7	8	3	8								0.40	0.90	0.78	0.81	0.59	0.15	0.89	0.4	5 0.70	0.37
900_STI_1	6.1	8	3	8								0.38				0.55		•••••••••	0.42		0.55
7MP_1N8_4					7.8	I	9.5	å				0.36		ă		0.94	1.00	0.9	0.67		0.39
7MP_1N8_2					6.8		9.5	9				0.37	0.46						0.69	0.84	0.45
7MP_RAJ_3						8.4			8.4			0.35	•	•		0.92	•		0.94	4 0.74	0.37
7MP_GIN_4						7.6						0.16				0.95	0.67		0.4	1 0.76	0.51
242_C52_2		<u>.</u>								7.9		0.30		<u></u>		0.80	0.66		4 0.3	1 1.00	0.43
LI3_L11_1								7.2				0.31	0.73			0.74	0.69				0.85
608_GIG_7											6.1	0.28				0.93			0.68	0.85	0.50
KIN_BMU_4											6.1	0.31	0.43			0.75			0.33		0.25
G2G_KIN_3			<u> </u>								6.1	0.25	0.51	0.52	0.75	0.89	0.59	0.64	4 0.43	0.84	0.43
					Ŋ	P N			YNH (NH NH	NH ,	Ú)	NHO FE	NH.NC	NH NH	î,					
				_	1: G	2G_STI	_12	2: 90	00_STI	_1		3: 7MP,	_1N8_4	4: 71	/IP_1N8_	2					
								Ç	LNH		мн		<u> </u>	c' <u>I</u>	1						

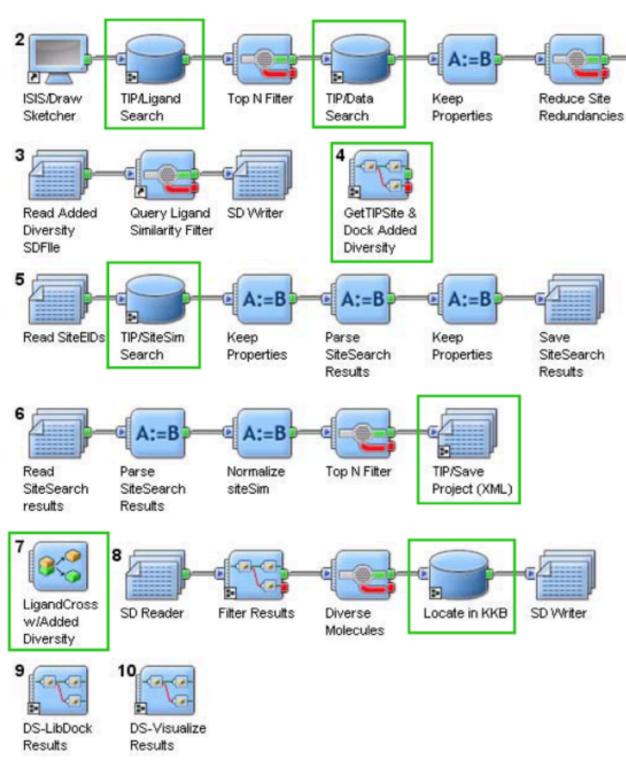




Enhance LigandCross with Added Diversity

Write SiteEIDs



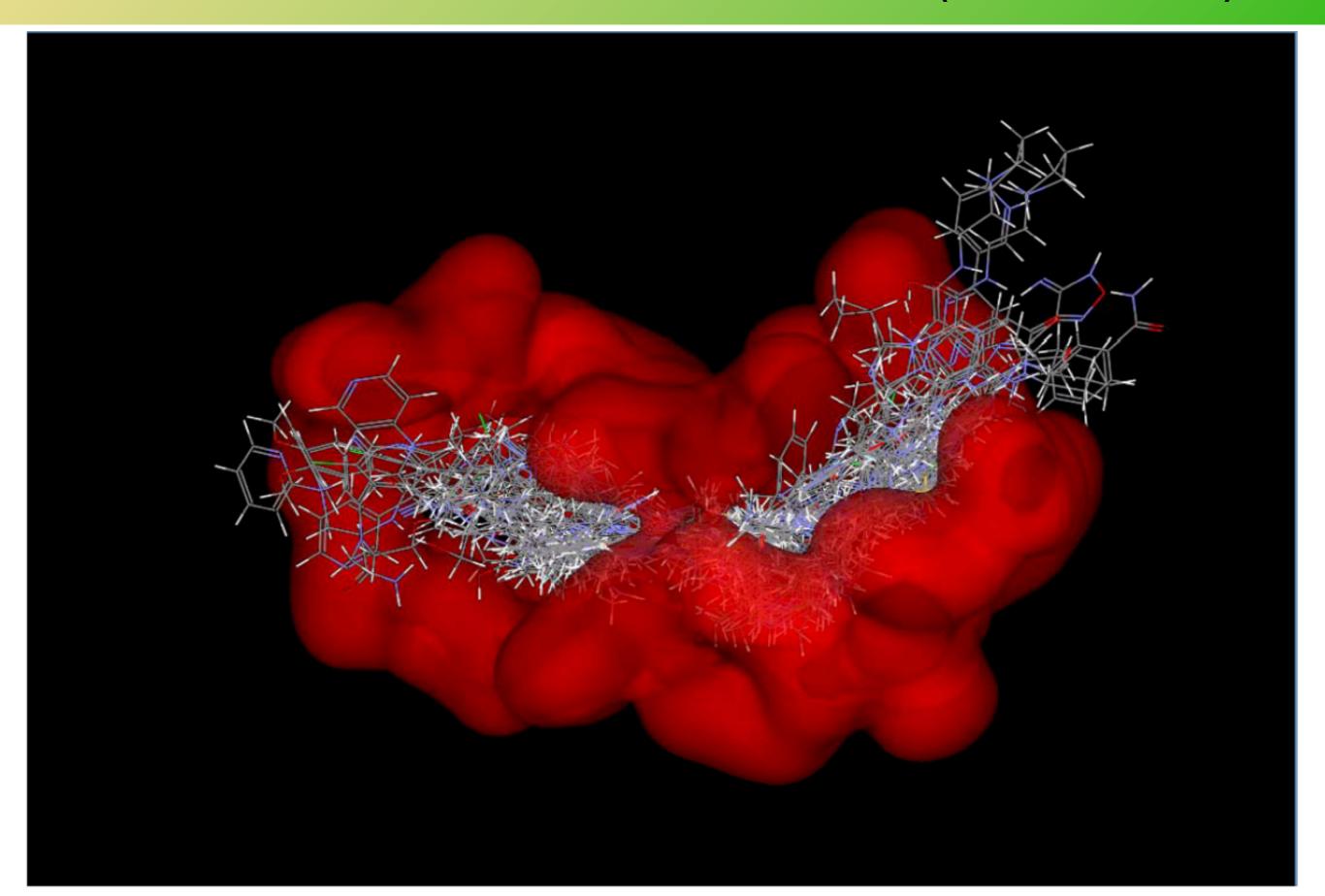


- > Issue TIP/LigandSearch
- > Identify/Dock "AddedDiversity"
- > Issue TIP/SiteSimSearch
- > LigandCross <u>w/AddedDiversity</u>
- > Filter and locate results in KKB
- > Dock and visualize results

Example Potent Kinase Inhibitors (From KKB)

	H, NH O = S = O			Chiral	
4336533 LCK pval: 11.00	4302493 CDK9 pval: 10.54	4332561 KDR pval: 10.52	4318145 PKG pval: 10.40	4336686 PKA pval: 10.00	4272835 ABL1 pval: 10.00
894611 CDK2 pval: 9.70	4358565 PRKCG pvat 9.70	4363734 RAF1 pval: 9.30	4369892 EPHB4 pval: 9.24	809 CDK4 pval: 9.15	4374385 FDGFRA pval: 9.14
Chiral			Chiral		
4366691 PLK1 pval: 9.10	4301886 BCR_AEL pval: 9.08	4307551 TEK pvat 9.00	4363016 MAPK11 pval: 8.82	4343448 ROCK1 pvat 8.74	4363247 MAPKAPK2 pvat 8.70
		Chiral	Chiral		
4291996 IKB pval: 8.70	4208857 FAK2 pval: 8.22	4373725 PTK2B pval: 8.22	1788 ZAP70 pval: 8.10	2425813 PTPN9 pval: 5.96	4303129 MAP3K2 pval: 4.70

Potent Kinase Inhibitors Docked (s1309707)



Added Diversity LigandCross Validation

	FFF OH OH	THE		
4343448_809_27	4272835_2425813_23	4363734_4291996_2		
NH NH NH NH		NH NH FF		
4208857_4208857_1	900_STI_1	242_A96_5		
NH NH FF	FF NH NH NN N	N N H N H N H N H N H N H N H N H N H N		
242_MUH_1	242_MUH_2	406_STI_1		

4343448 809 27:

CDK4: 6.80 CDK2: 5.63 CDK2: 6.12 CDC2: 5.58 CSK: 5.99 CDK5: 6.81

CDK4: 6.80 CDK2: 5.63 CDK2: 6.12 CDC2: 5.58 CDK4: 6.80

4272835_2425813_23: PTPN1: 4.24 PTPRA: 4.21

4363734_4291996_2:

RAF1: 9.00 MAPK1: 5.29 BRAF: 8.05 BRAF: 8.52

4208857_4208857_1:

FAK2: 8.22 KDR: 5.86 PDGFRB: 4.90 EGFR: 4.17 ERBB2: 5.23

900 STI 1:

PDGFR: 8.00 PDGFR: 8.00 ABL: 6.10 PDGFRB: 8.00 PDGFR: 8.00

ABL: 6.10

242_A96_5:

LCK: 9.40

242 MUH 1:

LCK: 9.40 TEK: 7.68 KDR: 8.22 MAPK14: 9.00 JAK3: 6.81

242_MUH_2:

KDR: 8.40 TEK: 8.40 TEK: 8.40 KDR: 8.40 TEK: 8.40 KDR: 8.40

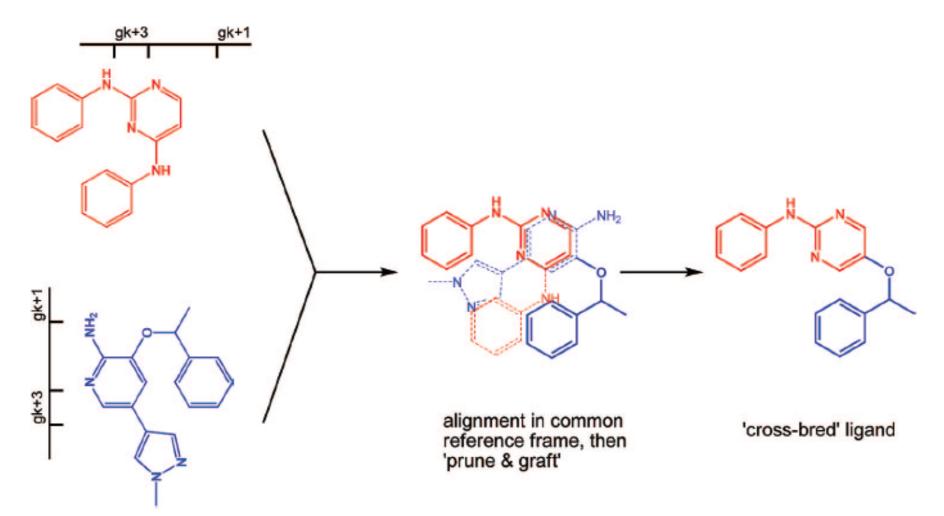
406_STI_1:

BCR_ABL: 8.40 BCR_ABL: 5.30 LYN: 8.06 ABL1: 8.07 ABL1: 8.40

Generation of Cross-Bred Kinase Ligands

Arup K. Ghose et al. J. Med. Chem. 2008, 51, 5149-5171

- 1. Align all relevant PDB kinases on a reference kinase structure.
- 2. Optional step: 'Refine' the binding poses of the ligands for the target kinase using any docking pose refinement program (e.g. Schrodinger: Glide/Refine).
- 3. Apply Ligand-Cross to generate first generation ligands.



Before alignment

A Few Useful Comments on Using LigandCross

- A few steps of steepest descent followed by conjugate gradient of the ligand in the protein binding site, often fixes distorted geometry problems.
- Use both Type-I and Type-II ligands.
- Use aligned DFG-in kinase structure/model during minimization and binding mode evaluation for generating Type-I ligands.
- Use aligned DFG-out kinase structure/model during minimization and binding mode evaluation for generating Type-II ligands.
- The method was successfully used to design novel Type-I and Type-II ligands for ALK, JAK2, FAK and TAM/RTK kinases.
- For further information contact Arup K. Ghose (akghose@msn.com)

Conclusions

 The structurally resolved and modelable proteome is a very rich source for new matter ideas

 Receptor-site similarity can rapidly identify "feed-stock" functionality for favorable ligand decoration

 LigandCross can be an effective approach to generate novel, bioactive matter using co-complexes, known inhibitors, and/or fragment-based information.

Eidogen-Sertanty's iPhone and iPad Apps































MobileApps: Worldwide Marketing Vehicles!

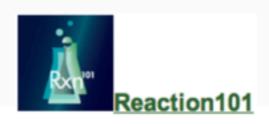
















~ 25,000 People Use Eidogen Mobile Apps